

# Data Mining II

## Regression Analysis

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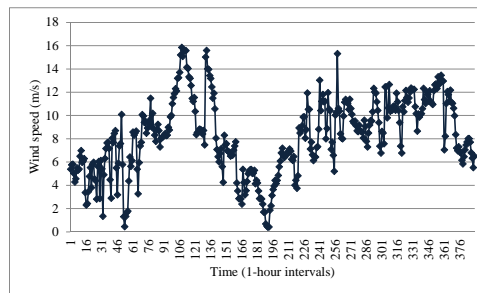
### Content

- Prediction: Wind speed and wind power
- Training Power Curve Model
- Weka Software
- Extract Results

## Prediction

- Time Series Data – a sequence of data points measured typically at successive time instants spaced at uniform time intervals.

Example



## Prediction

- Basic Analysis Technique for Time Series Data – Exponential Smoothing
- Single Exponential and Double Exponential
- Successful application: Demand Forecast

## Prediction

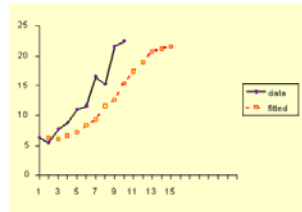
- Single Exponential Smoothing

$$s_0 = x_0$$

$$s_t = \alpha x_{t-1} + (1 - \alpha)s_{t-1}$$

where  $\alpha$  is the smoothing factor,  $0 < \alpha < 1$

Example



## Prediction

- Double Exponential Smoothing

$$\hat{v}_t = \alpha v_t + (1 - \alpha)(\hat{v}_{t-T} + b_{t-T}) \quad \hat{v} \quad \text{predicted wind speed}$$

$$b_t = \gamma(\hat{v}_t - \hat{v}_{t-T}) + (1 - \gamma)b_{t-T} \quad v \quad \text{observed wind speed}$$

$$b_0 = \left( \sum_{t=-5}^{-2} v_t - \sum_{t=-4}^{-1} v_t \right) / 4 \quad t \quad \text{current time}$$

$$\hat{v}_0 = v_{-1} \quad T \quad \text{sampling time}$$

$$\hat{v}_{t+T} = \hat{v}_t + b_t \quad n \quad \text{number of steps}$$

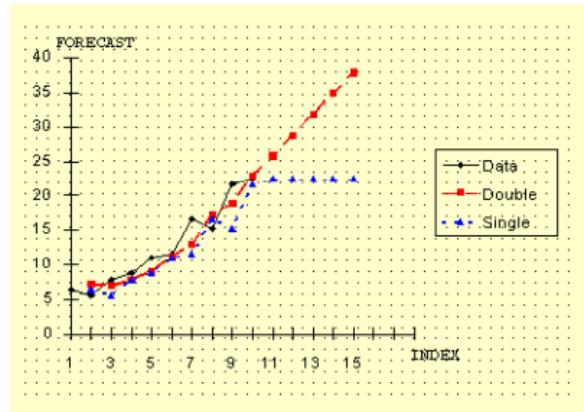
$$\alpha \quad \text{smoothing constant}$$

$$\gamma \quad \text{smoothing constant}$$

$$b \quad \text{factor adjusting trend}$$

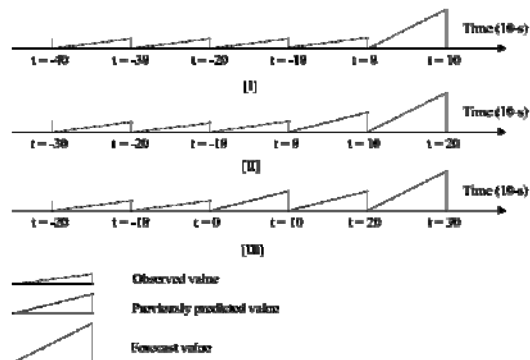
# Prediction

Double Exponential Smoothing – Example



# Prediction

- Data Driven Time Series Analysis



## Prediction

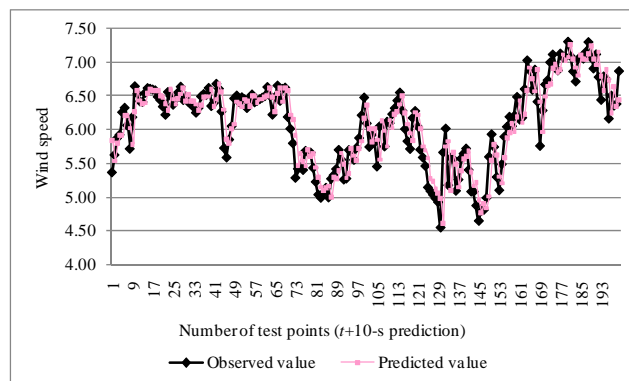
Equation:

$$\hat{v}_t = f_A(v_{t-T}, v_{t-2T}, v_{t-3T}, \dots, v_{t-nT})$$

$\hat{v}$	predicted wind speed
$v$	observed wind speed
$t$	current time
$T$	sampling time
$n$	number of steps
$f_A(\bullet)$	data-driven model
$A$	data-mining algorithms

## Prediction

The first 300 points of  $t + 10$ -s predictions by a neural network model



## Power Curve Model

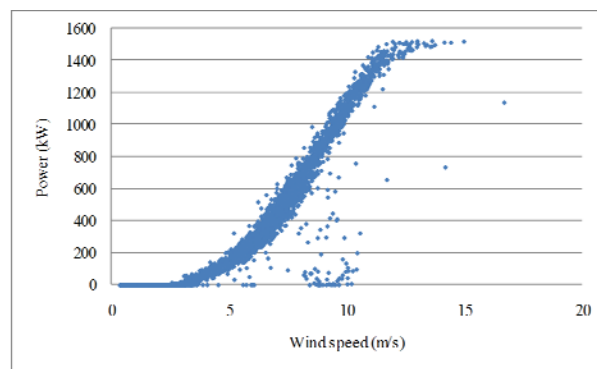
Parametric model of power output:

$$P = \frac{1}{2} \rho \pi R^2 C_p(\lambda, \beta) v^3$$

Data-derived model of power output:

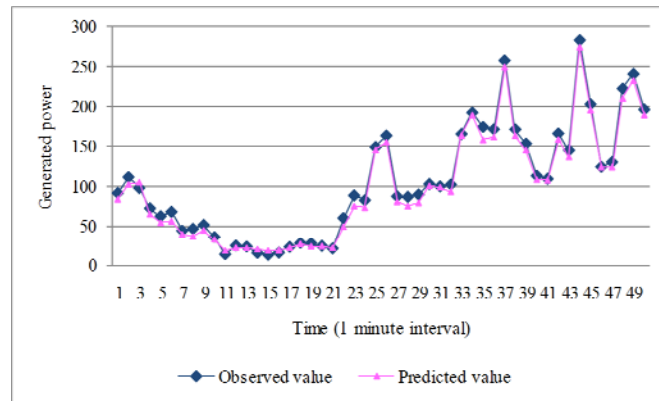
$$y_3(t) = f_3(v_1(t), v_1(t-1), x_1(t), x_1(t-1), x_2(t), x_2(t-1))$$

## Power Curve Model



## Power Curve Model

- Example – Prediction Results



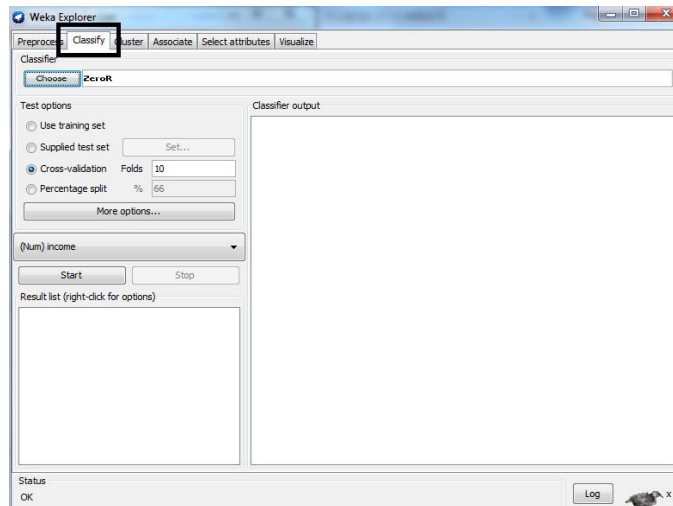
## Weka Software

Three considered data-mining algorithms

- Neural Network
- Support Vector Machine
- K-Nearest Neighbor

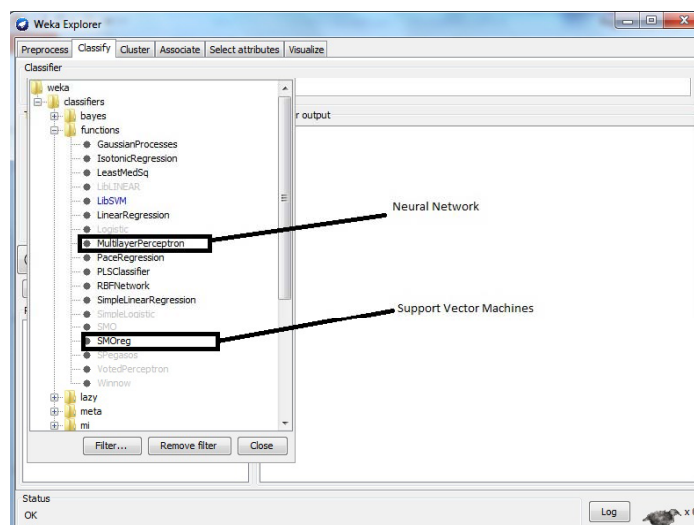
# Weka Software

Step 1



# Weka Software

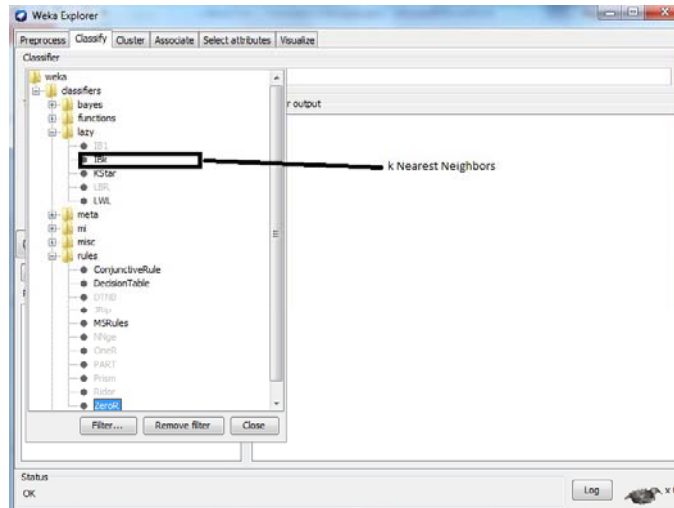
Step 2.1





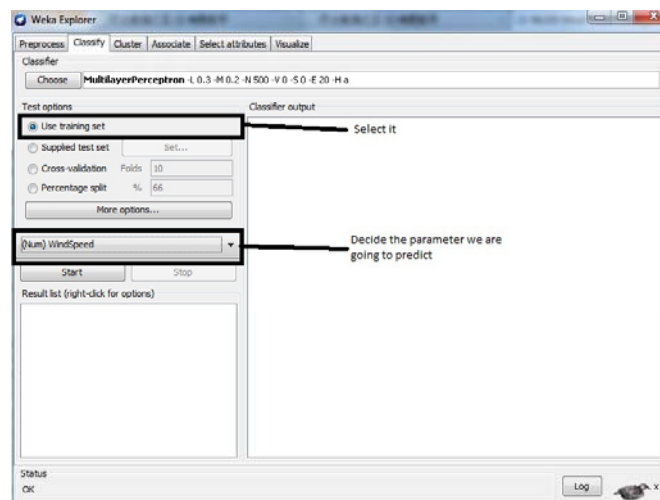
# Weka Software

Step 2.2



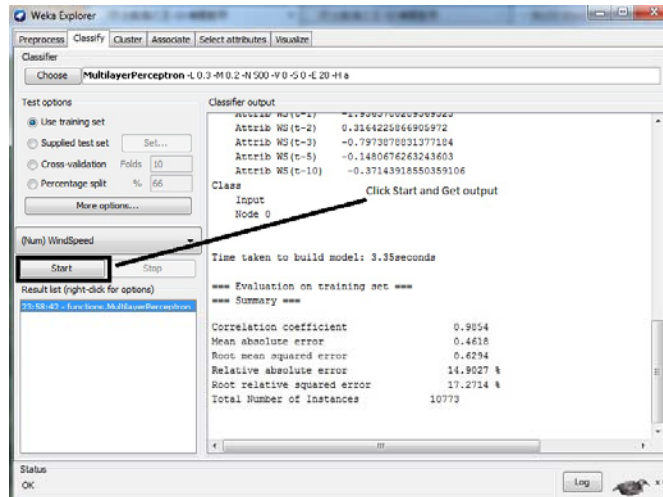
# Weka Software

Step 3



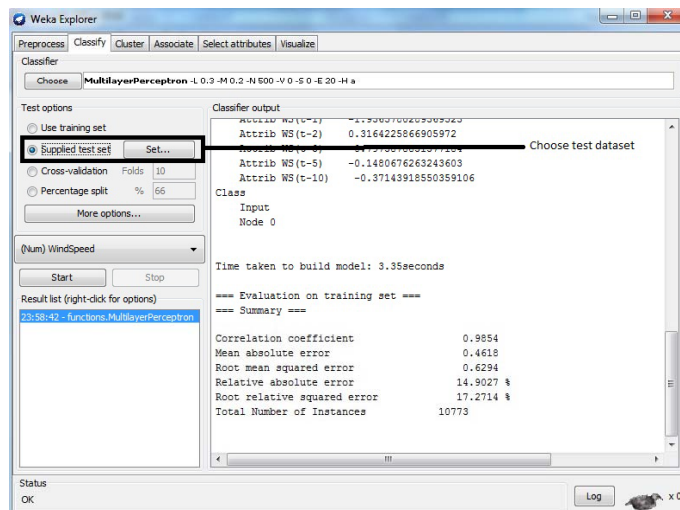
# Weka Software

Step 4



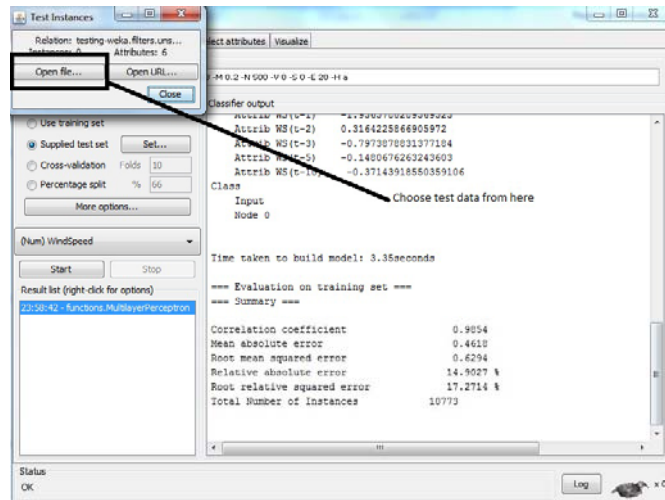
# Weka Software

Step 5



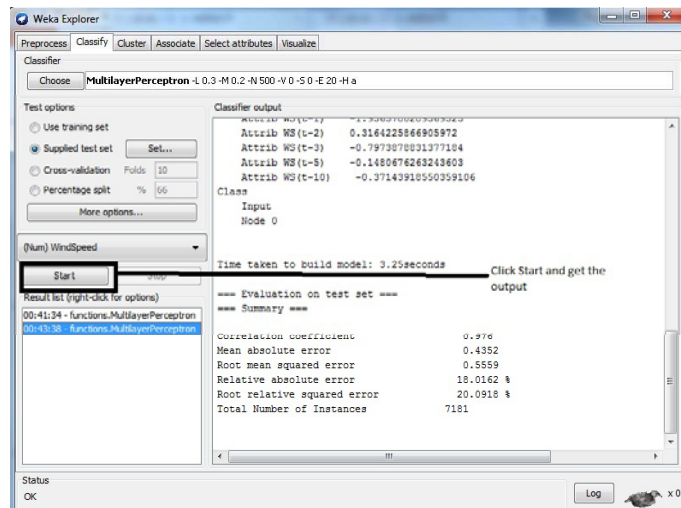
# Weka Software

Step 6



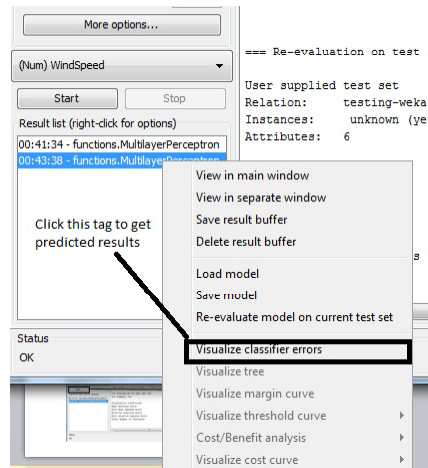
# Weka Software

Step 7



# Extract Results

Step 1



# Extract Results

Step 2

