

3.2

**3.2** Air flows steadily along a streamline from point (1) to point (2) with negligible viscous effects. The following conditions are measured: At point (1)  $z_1 = 2 \text{ m}$  and  $p_1 = 0 \text{ kPa}$ ; at point (2)  $z_2 = 10 \text{ m}$ ,  $p_2 = 20 \text{ N/m}^2$ , and  $V_2 = 0$ . Determine the velocity at point (1).

$$p_1 + \frac{1}{2} \rho V_1^2 + \gamma z_1 = p_2 + \frac{1}{2} \rho V_2^2 + \gamma z_2$$

Thus, with  $p_1 = 0$  and  $V_2 = 0$ ,

$$\frac{1}{2} \rho V_1^2 + \gamma z_1 = p_2 + \gamma z_2$$

or

$$\frac{1}{2} (1.23 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}) V_1^2 = 20 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} + (1.23 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}) 9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} (10 \text{ m} - 2 \text{ m})$$

or

$$V_1^2 = \frac{2(20)}{1.23} \frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{kg}} + 2(9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})(8 \text{ m}) = 189 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \quad (\text{Note: } \frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{kg}} = \frac{(\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}) \text{m}}{\text{kg}} = \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2})$$

Thus,

$$\underline{\underline{V_1 = 13.7 \text{ m/s}}}$$

