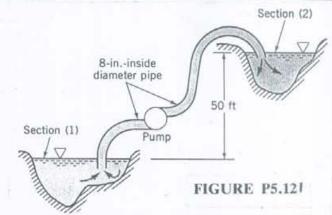
5.121

5.12 | Water is to be moved from one large reservoir to another at a higher elevation as indicated in Fig. P5.121. The loss in available energy associated with 2.5 ft³/s being pumped from sections (1) to (2) is $61\overline{V}^2/2$ where \overline{V} is the average velocity of water in the 8-in.-inside diameter piping involved. Determine the amount of shaft power required.



For the flow from section (1) to section (2) Eq. 5.82 leads to
$$\ddot{W}_{shaft} = \rho Q \left[g\left(\Xi_z - \Xi_t \right) + loss \right] = \rho Q \left[g\left(\Xi_z - \Xi_t \right) + 61 \frac{V}{2} \right] (1)$$
net in

From the volume flowrate we obtain

$$\overline{V} = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{Q}{\frac{\pi}{4}D^2} = \frac{(2.5 \frac{ft^3}{5})}{\frac{\pi}{4}(\frac{8in.}{12\frac{in.}{5}})^2} = 7.162 \frac{ft}{5}$$

Thus, from Eq. 1

$$\dot{W}_{shaft} = (1.94 \frac{slugs}{ft^3}) \left(2.5 \frac{ft^3}{s}\right) \left[(32.2 \frac{ft}{s^2})(50 ft)\right]$$
net in

$$+ \frac{(61)(7.162 \frac{ft}{s})^{2}}{2} \left[\frac{1 \frac{16}{slug. \frac{ft}{s^{2}}}}{\frac{ft}{s^{2}}} \right] \left(\frac{1}{550 \frac{ft.16}{s. hp}} \right)$$

W = 28 hp