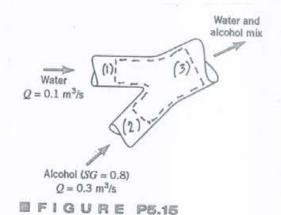
5.15 Water at 0.1 m<sup>3</sup>/s and alcohol (SG=0.8) at 0.3 m<sup>3</sup>/s are mixed in a y-duct as shown in Fig. 5.15. What is the average density of the mixture of alcohol and water?



(1)

For steady flow 
$$\dot{m}_1 + \dot{m}_2 = \dot{m}_3$$
 or 
$$\rho_1 Q_1 + \rho_2 Q_2 = \rho_3 Q_3$$

Also, since the water and alcohol may be considered in compressible

$$Q_1 + Q_2 = Q_3 \tag{2}$$

Combining Eqs. 1 and 2 we get 
$$P,Q,+P_2Q_2=P_3(Q,+Q_2)$$

or
$$\rho_{3} = \frac{P, Q, + P_{2}Q_{2}}{Q, + Q_{2}}$$
and
$$\rho_{3} = P, \frac{Q, + SG_{2}Q_{2}}{Q, + Q_{2}}$$

$$Q, + Q_{2}$$

and
$$\begin{array}{ll}
P_{3} &= P_{1} \frac{\left(Q_{1} + 5G_{2} Q_{2}\right)}{Q_{1} + Q_{2}} \\
P_{3} &= \left(999 \frac{kg}{m^{3}}\right) \left[0.1 \frac{m^{3}}{s} + (0.8)(0.3 \frac{m^{3}}{s})\right] \\
P_{3} &= 0.1 \frac{m^{3}}{s} + 0.3 \frac{m^{3}}{s}
\end{array}$$

$$= 849 \frac{kg}{m^{3}}$$