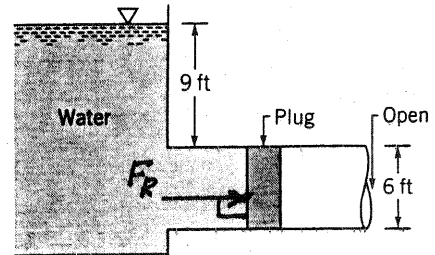


2.51

2.51 A large, open tank contains water and is connected to a 6-ft diameter conduit as shown in Fig. P2.51. A circular plug is used to seal the conduit. Determine the magnitude, direction, and location of the force of the water on the plug.



■ FIGURE P2.51

$$F_R = \gamma h_c A = \left(62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) (12 \text{ ft}) \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right) (6 \text{ ft})^2 = \underline{\underline{21,200 \text{ lb}}}$$

$$y_R = \frac{I_{xc}}{y_c A} + y_c \quad \text{where} \quad I_{xc} = \frac{\pi (3 \text{ ft})^4}{4} = 63.6 \text{ ft}^4$$

Thus,

$$y_R = \frac{\frac{\pi}{4} (3 \text{ ft})^4}{(12 \text{ ft}) \pi (3 \text{ ft})^2} + 12 \text{ ft} = \underline{\underline{12.19 \text{ ft}}}$$

The force of 21,200 lb acts 12.19 ft below the water surface and is perpendicular to the plug surface as shown.