

9.46

9.46 If the drag on one side of a flat plate parallel to the upstream flow is \mathfrak{D} when the upstream velocity is U, what will the drag be when the upstream velocity is 2U; or U/2? Assume laminar flow.

For laminar flow
$$\mathcal{D} = \frac{1}{2} \rho U^2 C_{Df} A$$
, where $C_{Df} = \frac{1.328}{\sqrt{UL}}$. Thus, $\mathcal{D} = \frac{1}{2} \rho U^2 \frac{1.328 \sqrt{V}}{\sqrt{UL}} A = 0.664 \rho A \frac{\sqrt{V}}{\sqrt{U}} U^{\frac{3}{2}} \sim U^{\frac{3}{2}}$. Hence, $\frac{\mathcal{D}_U}{\mathcal{D}_{2U}} = \frac{U^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(2U)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ or $\frac{\mathcal{D}_{2U}}{2U} = 2.83 \frac{\mathcal{D}_U}{2U}$ and $\frac{\mathcal{D}_U}{\mathcal{D}_{U/2}} = \frac{U^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(\frac{U}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ or $\frac{\mathcal{D}_{U/2}}{2U} = 0.354 \frac{\mathcal{D}_U}{2U}$