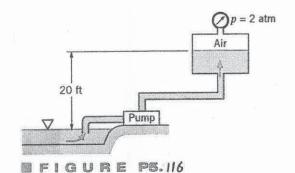
5.116

\$,116 A pump is to move water from a lake into a large, pressurized tank as shown in Fig. P5,116 at a rate of 1000 gal in 10 min or less. Will a pump that adds 3 hp to the water work for this purpose? Support your answer with appropriate calculations. Repeat the problem if the tank were pressurized to 3, rather than 2, atmospheres.



 $\frac{P_1}{8} + Z_1 + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + h_s - h_z = \frac{P_2}{8} + Z_2 + \frac{V_2^2}{2g}$ , where  $p_1 = 0$ ,  $Z_1 = 0$ ,  $V_1 = 0$ , and  $Z_2 = 20H$ . Thus,

(1) 
$$h_s = h_L + \frac{\rho_2}{8} + Z_2$$
  
Also,  
 $Q = [(1000 \, qal) / (10 \, min)] \left( \frac{1 \, ft^3}{7.48 \, qal} \right) \left( \frac{1 \, min}{60 \, s} \right) = 0.223 \, \frac{ft^3}{s}$   
so that  
 $h_s = \frac{\dot{W}_s}{80} = \frac{(3 \, hp)(550 \, \frac{ft \cdot lb/s}{hp})}{(62.4 \, \frac{lb}{ft^3})(0.223 \, \frac{ft^3}{s})} = 119 \, ft$ 

(a) If 
$$p_2 = 2$$
 atm =  $2(14.7\frac{1b}{in.^2})(144in^2/ft^2) = 4,230\frac{1b}{ft^2}$ , then from Eq.(1)  
 $h_s = h_L + \frac{4,230\frac{1b}{ft^2}}{(62.4\frac{1b}{ft^3})} + 20ft = h_L + 87.8ft$   
Thus, if  
 $h_L \le h_S - 87.8 ft = 119ft - 87.8ft = 31.2 ft$  the given pump will work for  $p_2 = 2atm$ 

(b) If 
$$p_2 = 3$$
 at  $m = 6$ ,  $350 \frac{lb}{H^2}$ , then

 $h_s = h_L + \frac{6.350 \frac{lb}{H^3}}{(62.4 \frac{lb}{H^3})} + 20 ft = h_L + 122 ft$ 

Thus, if this pump is to work

119 ft =  $h_L + 122 ft$ , or  $h_L = -3 ft$ 

Since it is not possible to have  $h_L < 0$ , the pump will not work for  $p_2 = 3$  at  $m$ .