

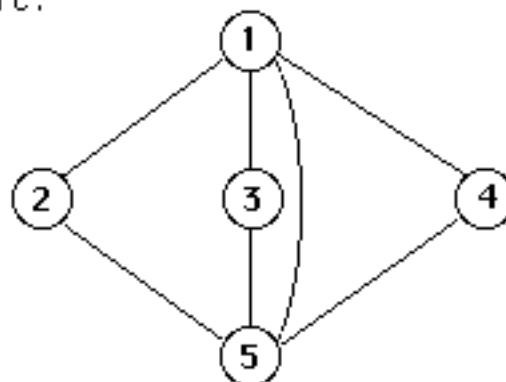
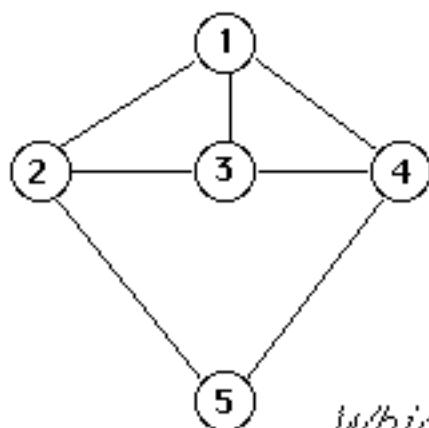
TRAVELING SALESMAN PROBLEM



This Hypercard stack was prepared by:
Dennis L. Bricker,
Dept. of Industrial Engineering,
University of Iowa,
Iowa City, Iowa 52242
e-mail: dbricker@icaen.uiowa.edu

A **Hamiltonian Circuit** of a graph or network is a path which visits each node *exactly once* and terminates at the initial node.

A **Hamiltonian Graph** is a graph for which there is a Hamiltonian circuit.



*Which of these graphs
is Hamiltonian?*

Traveling Salesman Problem

The Traveling Salesman Problem (TSP) is that of finding the *shortest* Hamiltonian circuit (*tour*) in a Hamiltonian network.

*Usually, the problem is posed for a *complete* network, which is, of course, always Hamiltonian.*

A TSP in a complete network can be further classified as:

- Symmetric Traveling Salesman Problem

Complete, Undirected Network

$$d_{ij} = d_{ji} \quad \forall i \& j$$

- Asymmetric Traveling Salesman Problem

Complete, Directed Network

$$d_{ij} \neq d_{ji} \quad \forall i \& j$$

- ☞ **Applications**
- ☞ **Integer & Mixed-Integer Models**
- ☞ **Branch-&-Bound Algorithms**
- ☞ **Heuristic Algorithms**