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- 🐷 Water Allocation
- Production Planning
- Transportation Problem (random demand)
- 😰 2-Stage Stochastic Programming

EXAMPLE

Water Resources
Planning
Under Uncertainty

A water system manager must allocate water from a stream to three users:

- municipality
- industrial concern
- agricultural sector



Use	Request	Net Benefit per unit
1. Municipality	2	100
2. Industrial	3	50
3. Agricultural	5	30

Let X_i = amount of water allocated to use #i

The optimal allocation might be found by solving the LP:

Max
$$100X_1 + 50X_2 + 30X_3$$

subject to $X_1 + X_2 + X_3 \le Q$
 $0 \le X_1 \le 2$

But the decision must be made before the quantity Q of the available water is known!

$$0 \le X_2 \le 3$$

 $0 \le X_3 \le 5$

⊚De

Max
$$100X_1 + 50X_2 + 30X_3$$

subject to $X_1 + X_2 + X_3 \le Q^*$
 $0 \le X_1 \le 2$
 $0 \le X_2 \le 3$
 $0 \le X_3 \le 5$

Random variable with known probability distribution

How should the water be allocated before the the quantity available is known?

Streamflow Distribution			
į	$\mathfrak{q}_{\mathfrak{i}}$	P{Q=q _i }	
1	4	20%	
2	10	60%	
3	17	20%	

Use	Request	Loss per unit shortfall
1. Municipality	2	250
2. Industrial	3	75
3. Agricultural	5	60

If more water is promised than can be later delivered, then a loss results from the need either to acquire alternative sources &/or to reduce consumption.

What is the "optimal" quantity to allocate to each use, if Q is not yet \mathbb{K}_1 known?

solution



Production Planning with Uncertain Resources

Par, Inc., a manufacturer of golf bags, must schedule production for the next quarter.



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PRODUCTION TIME/BAG IN EACH DEPARTMENT

product	Cutting & Dyeing	Sewing	Finishing	Inspect Package
Standard	7/ ₁₀ hr	$\frac{1}{2}$ hr	1 hr	1/ ₁₀ hr
Deluxe	1 hr	⁵ ∕ ₆ hr	$\frac{2}{3}$ hr	1 _{/4} hr

The company can sell as many bags as can be produced at a profit of \$10 per standard bag and \$9 per deluxe bag.

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$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Max } 10X_1 + 9X_2 \\ \text{subject to } 7\!\!/_{10}X_1 + & X_2 \leq 630 \\ & 1\!\!/_{\!2}X_1 + 5\!\!/_{\!6}X_2 \leq 600 \\ & X_1 + 2\!\!/_{\!3}X_2 \leq 708 \\ & 1\!\!/_{\!10}X_1 + 1\!\!/_{\!4}X_2 \leq 135 \\ & X_1 \! \geq \! 0, \, X_2 \! \geq \! 0 \end{array}$$

Dept.	Available hrs.
C&D	630
SEW	600
FIN	708
I&P	135

Based upon current commitments, the hours available

in each department for the next quarter are computed. However, the firm has submitted bids on two contracts, which if successful would reduce the hours available for producing golf bags.

Contract	probability	Produ C&D	uction SEW	Hours FIN	Reqd I&P
#1	50%	50	40	80	10
#2	40%	30	50	70	15

A production schedule for standard & deluxe bags must be chosen before learning which contracts, if any, were awarded to the firm. Afterwards, the production schedule may be modified somewhat, but extra costs are incurred in doing so...

For each scenario, we compute the available hours in each department (subtracting the hours used to fill any contracts which are won)

Available hrs.

.		scei	nario	
Dept.	#0	#1	#2	#3
C&D	630	580	600	550
SEW	600	560	550	510
FIN	708	628	638	558
I&P	135	125	120	110

Recourses

Scheduling overtime in C&D at \$5/hr
 SEW at \$6/hr
 FIN at \$8/hr
 I&P at \$4/hr
 (only 100 hrs OT available in FIN)

 Schedule additional production of standard bags, at a reduced profit of \$8/bag



solution





Linear Constraints

Sequence of Events

$$Ax + By = b$$

 $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$

- x is selected by the decision-maker
- the random variable b is observed
- the decision-maker must choose y so as to satisfy constraint, i.e.

$$By = b - Ax$$

Costs Incurred

$$cx + dy$$

Second-Stage Problem

 $\phi(x, b) = Minimum dy$ s.t. By = b-Ax \rightarrow

Since b is a random variable, so also is $\phi(x,b)$ for fixed x.

both x & b are fixed _₄

 $y \ge 0$

First-Stage Problem

Minimize the sum of the first-stage cost and the expected cost of the 2nd stage: Minimize $cx + E_b[\phi(x,b)]$

subject to $\phi(x,b) < \infty \le$

i.e., 2nd-Stage Problem`\ should be feasible for all possible values of b

 $E_b[\phi(x,b)]$ is the expected cost of the second stage, for fixed x

This is generally a nonlinear, but convex, function of x.

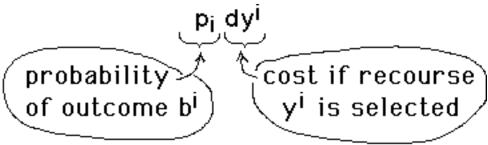
Discrete RHS distribution

Suppose that the right-hand-side vector b is "drawn" from a finite set of possible RHSs $\{b^1, b^2, \dots b^k\}$ with probabilities $p_1, p_2, \dots p_k$

Define a second-stage (recourse) vector for each of the possible RHSs: y1,y2, ... yk

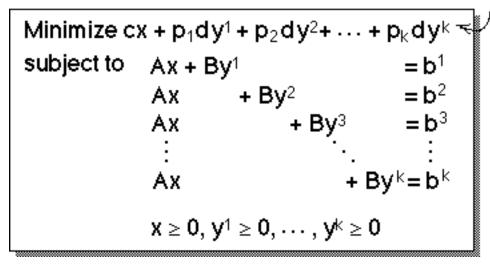
Then the recourses must be selected so that.

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The expected value of the second-stage cost is

$$p_1\;dy^1+p_2\;dy^2+\cdots+p_k\;dy^k$$



First-stage cost plus expected 2nd-stage cost

Notice the block-angular structure of the coefficient matrix....

Question: Could the Dantzig-Wolfe decomposition technique be used in order to decompose

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Minimize } cx + p_1 dy^1 + p_2 dy^2 + \cdots + p_k dy^k \\ \mbox{subject to} & Ax + By^1 & = b^1 \\ & Ax & + By^2 & = b^2 \\ & Ax & + By^3 & = b^3 \\ & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ & Ax & + By^k = b^k \\ & x \geq 0, \, y^1 \geq 0, \cdots, \, y^k \geq 0 \end{array}$

this problem into smaller subproblems?

Dual of the 2-stage stochastic LP problem:

$$\label{eq:maximize} \begin{array}{ll} \text{Maximize } b^1u^1 + b^2u^2 + \dots + b^ku^k \\ \text{subject to } A^Tu^1 + A^Tu^2 + \dots + A^Tu^k \leq c \\ B^Tu^1 & \leq p_1d \\ B^Tu^2 & \leq p_2d \\ \vdots \\ B^Tu^k \leq p_kd \\ \textit{all variables unrestricted in sign} \end{array}$$

This problem has a structure for which Dantzig-Wolfe decomposition is appropriate!

Dual of the 2-stage stochastic LP problem

subproblem constraints

Subproblem for Block # i

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{Maximize } \left(b^{i_{-}} \omega | A^{T} \right) u^{i_{-}} - \alpha_{i} \\ & \text{subject to} & & B^{T} u^{i} \leq p_{i} d \end{aligned}$

where

ω is the simplex multiplier vector for the linking constraints,

and

α_i is the simplex multiplier vector for convexity constraint # i

These subproblems all have the same matrix of constraint coefficients, and the constraint right-hand-side vectors are all scalar multiples of the same vector d.



Solution

Water Allocation Problem

Define second-stage (recourse) variables

Max 100X₁ + 50X₂ + 30X₃

maximize benefits minus expected penalties for shortfall

$$- \, E_Q \! \begin{cases} \! \text{min} \, 250 Y_1 \! + \! 75 Y_2 \! + \! 60 Y_3 \\ \! \text{s.t.} \quad Y_1 + Y_2 + Y_3 \geq X_1 \! + \! X_2 \! + \! X_3 \! - \! Q \\ 0 \leq \! Y_1 \! \leq \! X_1 \, , \, 0 \leq \! Y_2 \! \leq \! X_2 \, , \! 0 \leq \! Y_3 \! \leq \! X_3 \\ \! \leqslant \! \mathcal{D} \!$$

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Define a separate recourse variable for each possible outcome:

$$Y_i^j = {amount of shortfall in water delivered to user i if Q = q_i}$$

In our "deterministic" LP formulation of the problem, then, we must simultaneously select the recourse (i.e., the user who will be denied the promised water) for each of the possible streamflows!

EQUIVALENT DETERMINISTIC LP

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Max } 100X_1 + 50X_2 + 30X_3 - 0.2(250Y_1^1 + 75Y_2^1 + 60Y_3^1) \\ - 0.6(250Y_1^2 + 75Y_2^2 + 60Y_3^2) - 0.2(250Y_1^3 + 75Y_2^3 + 60Y_3^3) \\ \text{subject to} \\ \begin{pmatrix} X_1 + X_2 + X_3 - Y_1^1 - Y_2^1 - Y_3^1 \leq 4 \\ X_1 + X_2 + X_3 - Y_1^2 - Y_2^2 - Y_3^2 \leq 10 \\ X_1 + X_2 + X_3 - Y_1^3 - Y_2^3 - Y_3^3 \leq 17 \\ 0 \leq Y_1^k \leq X_1 \leq 2 \\ 0 \leq Y_2^k \leq X_2 \leq 3 \\ 0 \leq Y_3^k \leq X_3 \leq 5 \end{pmatrix} \ \forall \ k = 1, 2, 3 \end{aligned}$$

Optimal Solution

Use Allo	Allocation	Q=4 10 17 Shortfall in Delivery		
i	X _i	Y _i ¹	Y_i^2	Y_i^3
1 Municipal	2	0	0	0
2 Industrial	3	1	0	0
3 Agricultural	5	5	0	0

Objective value =
$$100(2)+50(3)+30(5)-0.2[75(1)+60(5)]$$

= $500 - 0.2(375) = 425$



probability

0: neither bid is successful	(1- 0.5)×(1- 0.40)= 0.30
1: bid #1 is successful, bid #2 is not	0.5×(1- 0.40)= 0.30
2: bid #2 is successful, bid #1 is not	(1- 0.5)× 0.60 = 0.30
3: both bids #1 and #2 are successful	$0.5 \times 0.40 = 0.10$

Par, Inc.



Possible Outcomes ("scenarios")

Stage 1 Variables

 X_1 = # standard bags in the next quarter's prod'n plan

X₂=# deluxe bags in the next quarter's prod'n plan

Stage 2 Variables

For outcome # i (i=0,1,2,3)

$$\begin{split} Y^i &= \text{\# standard bags added to} \\ &\quad \text{next quarter's prod'n plan} \\ T^i_{\text{CD}} &= \text{hours overtime in cut\&dye} \\ T^i_{\text{S}} &= \text{hours overtime in sewing} \\ T^i_{\text{F}} &= \text{hours overtime in finishing} \\ T^i_{\text{IP}} &= \text{hours overtime in inspect\&} \\ &\quad \text{pack} \end{split}$$

Scenario #0: neither bid is successful

$$\begin{split} \text{Max } 8Y_1^0 - 5T_{\text{CD}}^0 - 6T_{\text{S}}^0 - 8T_{\text{F}}^0 - 4T_{\text{IP}}^0 \\ \text{subject to } & \frac{7}{10}Y_1^0 - T_{\text{CD}}^0 \leq 630 - \left[\frac{7}{10}X_1 + X_2\right] \\ & \frac{1}{2}Y_1^0 - T_{\text{S}}^0 \leq 600 - \left[\frac{1}{2}X_1 + \frac{5}{6}X_2\right] \\ & Y_1^0 - T_{\text{F}}^0 \leq 708 - \left[X_1 + \frac{2}{3}X_2\right] \\ & \frac{1}{10}Y_1^0 - T_{\text{IP}}^0 \leq 135 - \left[\frac{1}{10}X_1 + \frac{1}{4}X_2\right] \\ & Y_1^0 \geq 0, T_{\text{CD}}^0 \geq 0, T_{\text{CD}}^0 \geq 0, T_{\text{S}}^0 \geq 0, 100 \geq T_{\text{F}}^0 \geq 0, T_{\text{IP}}^0 \geq 0 \end{split}$$

Scenario #1: only bid #1 is successful

$$\begin{split} \text{Max } 8Y_1^1 - 5T_{\text{CD}}^1 - 6T_{\text{S}}^1 - 8T_{\text{F}}^1 - 4T_{\text{IP}}^1 \\ \text{subject to } 7/_{10}Y_1^1 - T_{\text{CD}}^1 & \leq 630 - 50 \text{-} \left[7/_{10}X_1 + X_2 \right] \\ & 1/_2Y_1^1 - T_{\text{S}}^1 \leq 600 - 40 \text{-} \left[1/_2X_1 + 5/_6X_2 \right] \\ & Y_1^1 - T_{\text{F}}^1 & \leq 708 - 80 \text{-} \left[X_1 + 2/_3X_2 \right] \\ & 1/_{10}Y_1^1 - T_{\text{IP}}^1 & \leq 135 - 10 \text{-} \left[1/_{10}X_1 + 1/_4X_2 \right] \\ & Y_1^1 \geq 0, T_{\text{CD}}^1 \geq 0, T_{\text{CD}}^1 \geq 0, T_{\text{S}}^1 \geq 0, 100 \geq T_{\text{F}}^1 \geq 0, T_{\text{IP}}^1 \geq 0 \end{split}$$

Scenario #2: only bid #2is successful

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Max } 8Y_1^2 - 5T_{\text{CD}}^2 - 6T_{\text{S}}^2 - 8T_{\text{F}}^2 - 4T_{\text{IP}}^2 \\ \text{subject to } 7/_{10}Y_1^2 - T_{\text{CD}}^2 & \leq 630 - 30 - \left[7/_{10}X_1 + X_2\right] \\ 1/_2Y_1^2 - T_{\text{S}}^2 & \leq 600 - 50 - \left[1/_2X_1 + 5/_6X_2\right] \\ Y_1^2 - T_{\text{F}}^2 & \leq 708 - 70 - \left[X_1 + 2/_3X_2\right] \\ 1/_{10}Y_1^2 - T_{\text{IP}}^2 & \leq 135 - 15 - \left[1/_{10}X_1 + 1/_4X_2\right] \\ Y_1^2 & \geq 0, T_{\text{CD}}^2 & \geq 0, T_{\text{CD}}^2 \geq 0, T_{\text{S}}^2 \geq 0, 100 \geq T_{\text{F}}^2 \geq 0, T_{\text{IP}}^2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Scenario #3: both bids are successful

$$\begin{split} \text{Max } 8Y_1^3 - 5T_{\text{CD}}^3 - 6T_{\text{S}}^3 - 8T_{\text{F}}^3 - 4T_{\text{IP}}^3 \\ \text{subject to } 7/_{10}Y_1^3 - T_{\text{CD}}^3 & \leq 630 \text{-} 50 \text{--} 30 \text{--} \left[7/_{10}X_1 + X_2 \right] \\ 1/_2Y_1^3 - T_{\text{S}}^3 & \leq 600 \text{--} 40 \text{--} 50 \text{--} \left[1/_2X_1 + 5/_6X_2 \right] \\ Y_1^3 - T_{\text{F}}^3 & \leq 708 \text{--} 80 \text{--} 70 \text{--} \left[X_1 + 2/_3X_2 \right] \\ 1/_{10}Y_1^3 - T_{\text{IP}}^3 & \leq 135 \text{--} 10 \text{--} 15 \text{--} \left[1/_{10}X_1 + 1/_4X_2 \right] \\ Y_1^3 \geq 0, T_{\text{CD}}^3 \geq 0, T_{\text{CD}}^3 \geq 0, T_{\text{S}}^3 \geq 0, 100 \geq T_{\text{F}}^3 \geq 0, T_{\text{IP}}^3 \geq 0 \end{split}$$

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Objective

$$\begin{split} \text{Max } 10\text{X}_1 + 9\text{X}_2 + 0.3 \left(8\text{Y}_1^0 - 5\text{T}_{\text{CD}}^0 - 6\text{T}_{\text{S}}^0 - 8\text{T}_{\text{F}}^0 - 4\text{T}_{\text{IP}}^0\right) \\ + 0.3 \left(8\text{Y}_1^1 - 5\text{T}_{\text{CD}}^1 - 6\text{T}_{\text{S}}^1 - 8\text{T}_{\text{F}}^1 - 4\text{T}_{\text{IP}}^1\right) \\ + 0.3 \left(8\text{Y}_1^2 - 5\text{T}_{\text{CD}}^2 - 6\text{T}_{\text{S}}^2 - 8\text{T}_{\text{F}}^2 - 4\text{T}_{\text{IP}}^2\right) \\ + 0.1 \left(8\text{Y}_1^3 - 5\text{T}_{\text{CD}}^3 - 6\text{T}_{\text{S}}^3 - 8\text{T}_{\text{F}}^3 - 4\text{T}_{\text{IP}}^3\right) \end{split}$$

Equivalent Deterministic Linear Programming Model

subject

$$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{to} \\ \textbf{scenario} \\ \textbf{\#O} \\ \end{array} \begin{cases} \begin{array}{l} 7/_{10}X_1 + X_2 + 7/_{10}Y_1^0 - T_{CD}^0 \leq 630 \\ 1/_2X_1 + 5/_6X_2 + 1/_2Y_1^0 - T_S^0 \leq 600 \\ X_1 + 2/_3X_2 + Y_1^0 - T_F^0 \leq 708 \\ 1/_{10}X_1 + 1/_4X_2 + 1/_{10}Y_1^0 - T_{IP}^0 \leq 135 \\ T_F^0 \leq 100 \end{array} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{scenario} \\ \textbf{\#1} \\ \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 7/_{10} X_1 + X_2 & + 7/_{10} Y_1^1 - T_{CD}^1 \leq 580 \\ 1/_2 X_1 + 5/_6 X_2 & + 1/_2 Y_1^1 - T_{S}^1 & \leq 560 \\ X_1 + 2/_3 X_2 & + Y_1^1 - T_{F}^1 & \leq 628 \\ 1/_{10} X_1 + 1/_4 X_2 + 1/_{10} Y_1^1 - T_{IP}^1 \leq 125 \\ & T_F^1 \leq 100 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{scenario} \\ \textbf{\#2} \\ \end{array} \begin{cases} \begin{array}{l} 7/_{10}X_1 + X_2 + 7/_{10}Y_1^2 - T_{CD}^2 \leq 600 \\ 1/_2X_1 + 5/_6X_2 + 1/_2Y_1^2 - T_S^2 \leq 550 \\ X_1 + 2/_3X_2 + Y_1^2 - T_F^2 \leq 638 \\ 1/_{10}X_1 + 1/_4X_2 + 1/_{10}Y_1^2 - T_{IP}^2 \leq 120 \\ T_F^2 \leq 100 \\ \end{array} \\ \textbf{scenario} \\ \textbf{\#3} \\ \begin{cases} \begin{array}{l} 7/_{10}X_1 + X_2 + 7/_{10}Y_1^3 - T_{CD}^3 \leq 550 \\ 1/_2X_1 + 5/_6X_2 + 1/_2Y_1^3 - T_S^3 \leq 510 \\ X_1 + 2/_3X_2 + Y_1^3 - T_F^3 \leq 558 \\ 1/_{10}X_1 + 1/_4X_2 + 1/_{10}Y_1^3 - T_{IP}^3 \leq 110 \\ T_F^2 \leq 100 \\ \end{array} \\ T_{10}^2 \otimes 0, T_{10}^2$$

 $\mathbb{X}_1 \geq 0, \; \mathbb{X}_2 \geq 0, \; \mathbb{Y}_1^i \geq 0, \; \mathbb{T}_{CD}^i \geq 0.$

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