This exam is open book test only. Class notes or on-line material cannot be used
Consider a film of liquid draining at volume flow rate Q down the outside of a vertical rod of radius $a$, as shown in below figure. The vertical rod is moving upward direction with $V_{s}$ and fully developed region is achieved in some distance down the rod where fluid shear balances gravity and the film thickness remains constant. Assuming steady and incompressible laminar flow and negligible shear interaction with the atmosphere, find an expression for $v_{z}(r)$. Also, derive $V_{s}$ which makes total flow rate Q to be zero.


The equations of motion of an incompressible Newtonian fluid with constant density and viscosity in cylindrical coordinates $(r, \theta, z)$ with velocity components ( $v r, v \theta, v z$ ):
Continuity:

$$
\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r}\left(r v_{r}\right)+\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}\left(v_{\theta}\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(v_{z}\right)=0
$$

r-momentum:

$$
\rho\left(\frac{\partial v_{r}}{\partial t}+v_{r} \frac{\partial v_{r}}{\partial r}+\frac{v_{\theta}}{r} \frac{\partial v_{r}}{\partial \theta}+v_{z} \frac{\partial v_{r}}{\partial z}-\frac{v_{\theta}^{2}}{r}\right)=\rho g_{r}-\frac{\partial p}{\partial r}+\mu\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial r}\left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r}\left(r v_{r}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2} v_{r}}{\partial \theta^{2}}+\frac{\partial^{2} v_{r}}{\partial z^{2}}-\frac{2}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial v_{\theta}}{\partial \theta}\right]
$$

$\theta$-momentum:

$$
\rho\left(\frac{\partial v_{\theta}}{\partial t}+v_{r} \frac{\partial v_{\theta}}{\partial r}+\frac{v_{\theta}}{r} \frac{\partial v_{\theta}}{\partial \theta}+v_{z} \frac{\partial v_{\theta}}{\partial z}+\frac{v_{r} v_{\theta}}{r}\right)=\rho g_{\theta}-\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta}+\mu\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial r}\left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r}\left(r v_{\theta}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2} v_{\theta}}{\partial \theta^{2}}+\frac{\partial^{2} v_{\theta}}{\partial z^{2}}+\frac{2}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial v_{r}}{\partial \theta}\right]
$$

z-momentum:

$$
\rho\left(\frac{\partial v_{z}}{\partial t}+v_{r} \frac{\partial v_{z}}{\partial r}+\frac{v_{\theta}}{r} \frac{\partial v_{z}}{\partial \theta}+v_{z} \frac{\partial v_{z}}{\partial z}\right)=\rho g_{z}-\frac{\partial p}{\partial z}+\mu\left[\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r}\left(r \frac{\partial v_{z}}{\partial r}\right)+\frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2} v_{z}}{\partial \theta^{2}}+\frac{\partial^{2} v_{z}}{\partial z^{2}}\right]
$$

