

8.94

8.94 The pump shown in Fig. P8.94 adds 25 kW to the water and causes a flowrate of $0.04 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$. Determine the flowrate expected if the pump is removed from the system. Assume $f = 0.016$ for either case and neglect minor losses.

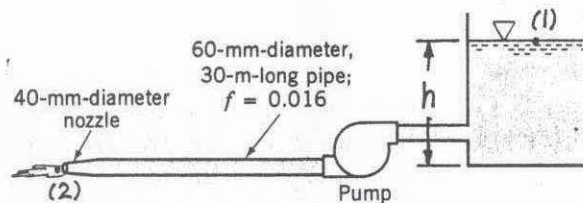


FIGURE P8.94

$$\frac{p_1}{\rho} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1 + h_p = \frac{p_2}{\rho} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + z_2 + f \frac{L}{D} \frac{V^2}{2g}, \text{ where } p_1 = p_2 = 0, z_1 = h, z_2 = 0, \\ V_1 = 0, V_2 = \frac{Q}{A_2} = \frac{0.04 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}}}{\frac{\pi}{4}(0.04 \text{ m})^2} = 31.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}, V = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{0.04 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}}}{\frac{\pi}{4}(0.06 \text{ m})^2} = 14.15 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

Thus,

$$h + h_p = \frac{(31.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})^2}{2(9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})} + 0.016 \left(\frac{30 \text{ m}}{0.06 \text{ m}} \right) \frac{(14.15 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})^2}{2(9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})} = 133.2 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{but, } h_p = \frac{P}{\rho Q} = \frac{25 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}}}{(9.80 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^3})(0.04 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}})} = 63.8 \text{ m}$$

Hence,

$$h = 133.2 \text{ m} - 63.8 \text{ m} = 69.5 \text{ m}$$

Without the pump $h_p = 0$ and $z_1 = \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + f \frac{L}{D} \frac{V^2}{2g}$ where $h = 69.5 \text{ m} = z_1$,

and

$$V_2 = \frac{AV}{A_2} = \left(\frac{D}{D_2} \right)^2 V \text{ or } V_2 = \left(\frac{60 \text{ mm}}{40 \text{ mm}} \right)^2 V = 2.25 V$$

Thus,

$$69.5 \text{ m} = \frac{(2.25 V)^2 + 0.016 \left(\frac{30 \text{ m}}{0.06 \text{ m}} \right) V^2}{2(9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})} \text{ or } V = 10.22 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

so that

$$Q = AV = \frac{\pi}{4}(0.06 \text{ m})^2 (10.22 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}) = \underline{\underline{0.0289 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}}}}$$