5,105

5.105 A water siphon having a constant inside diameter of 3 in. is arranged as shown in Fig. P5.105. If the friction loss between A and B is $0.8V^2/2$, where V is the velocity of flow in the siphon, determine the flowrate involved.

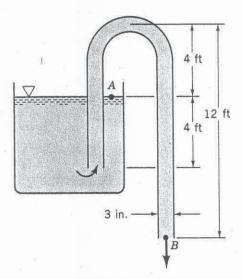


FIGURE P5.105

To determine the flowrate, Q, we use
$$Q = AV = \frac{\pi}{4}D^2V \qquad (1)$$

To obtain V we apply the energy equation (Eq. 5.82) between

points A and B in the sketch above. Thus,
$$\frac{R_B}{\rho} + \frac{V_B^2}{2} + g = \frac{R_A}{\rho} + \frac{N_A^2}{2} + g = \frac{R_A}{\rho} + \frac{N_B^2}{2} + \frac{W_{shaft}}{\rho} - loss$$
or

$$\frac{V^{2}}{2} + g z_{B} = g z_{A} - 0.8 \frac{V^{2}}{2}$$

Thus

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{g(z_A - z_B)}{0.9}} = \sqrt{\frac{(32.2 \frac{ft}{s^2})(8 ft)}{0.9}} = 16.9 \frac{ft}{s}$$

and with Eg. 1

with Eq. 1
$$Q = \frac{7Y(3in.)^{2}(16.9 + \frac{ft}{s})}{4(144 + \frac{in.^{2}}{ft^{2}})} = 0.830 + \frac{ft^{3}}{s}$$