

5.109

5.109 A pump is to move water from a lake into a large, pressurized tank as shown in Fig. P5.109 at a rate of 1000 gal in 10 min or less. Will a pump that adds 3 hp to the water work for this purpose? Support your answer with appropriate calculations. Repeat the problem if the tank were pressurized to 3, rather than 2, atmospheres.

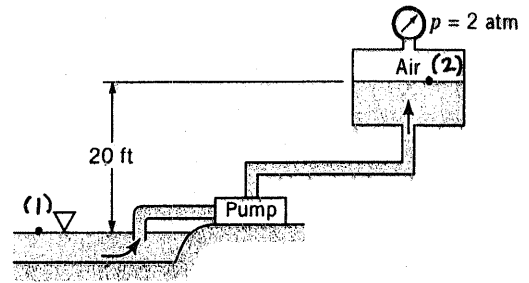


FIGURE P5.109

$$\frac{p_1}{\rho} + z_1 + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + h_p - h_L = \frac{p_2}{\rho} + z_2 + \frac{V_2^2}{2g}, \text{ where } p_1 = 0, z_1 = 0, V_1 = 0, \text{ and } z_2 = 20 \text{ ft.}$$

Thus,

$$(1) \quad h_p = h_L + \frac{p_2}{\rho} + z_2$$

Also,

$$Q = [(1000 \text{ gal}) / (10 \text{ min})] \left( \frac{1 \text{ ft}^3}{7.48 \text{ gal}} \right) \left( \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \right) = 0.223 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}}$$

so that

$$h_p = \frac{W_p}{\rho Q} = \frac{(3 \text{ hp})(550 \frac{\text{ft} \cdot \text{lb}}{\text{hp} \cdot \text{s}})}{(62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3})(0.223 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}})} = 119 \text{ ft}$$

$$(a) \text{ If } p_2 = 2 \text{ atm} = 2(14.7 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^2})(144 \text{ in}^2/\text{ft}^2) = 4,230 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2}, \text{ then from Eq. (1)}$$

$$h_p = h_L + \frac{4,230 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2}}{(62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3})} + 20 \text{ ft} = h_L + 87.8 \text{ ft}$$

Thus, if

$$h_L \leq h_p - 87.8 \text{ ft} = 119 \text{ ft} - 87.8 \text{ ft} = 31.2 \text{ ft} \text{ the given pump will work for } p_2 = 2 \text{ atm.}$$

$$(b) \text{ If } p_2 = 3 \text{ atm} = 6,350 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2}, \text{ then}$$

$$h_p = h_L + \frac{6,350 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2}}{(62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3})} + 20 \text{ ft} = h_L + 122 \text{ ft}$$

Thus, if this pump is to work

$$119 \text{ ft} = h_L + 122 \text{ ft}, \text{ or } h_L \leq -3 \text{ ft}$$

Since it is not possible to have  $h_L < 0$ , the pump will not work for  $p_2 = 3 \text{ atm}$ .