September 16, 2013

NAME

Fluids-ID

Quiz 2.

A large, open tank contains water and is connected to a 6-ft-diameter conduit as shown the Figure. A circular plug is used to seal the conduit. (Hints: $I_{xc} = \pi R^4/4$, $\gamma = 62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3$)

(a) Determine the magnitude of the force of the water (F_R) on the plug. (+4 points)

(b) Determine the location (y_R) and direction of the force of the water on the plug. (+3 points)

Note: Attendance (+2 points), Format (+1 points)

Solution:

a)

 $F_R = p_c \cdot A \tag{+2 points}$

$$p_c = \gamma \cdot h_c$$
, where $h_c = 12 ft$ (+1 point)

$$A = \frac{\pi D^2}{4}$$
(+0.5 point)

$$F_R = \left(62.4 \ \frac{lb}{ft^3}\right) (12 \ ft) \left(\frac{\pi (6 \ ft)^2}{4}\right) = 21,200 \ lb \tag{+0.5 point}$$

b)

$$y_{R} = y_{c} + \frac{I_{xc}}{y_{c} \cdot A}$$
(+2 points)

$$I_{xc} = \frac{\pi R^{4}}{4} = \frac{\pi (3 ft)^{4}}{4} = 63.6 ft^{4}$$
(+0.5 point)

$$y_{R} = 12 ft + \frac{63.6 ft^{4}}{(12 ft)\pi (3 ft)^{2}} = 12.19 ft$$
(+0.5 point)

The force acts below the water surface and is perpendicular to the plug surface as shown in the Figure below.

(+0.5 point)



