

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

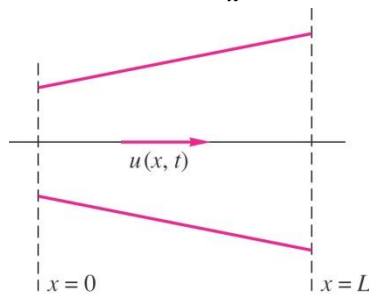
Fluids-ID \_\_\_\_\_

Quiz 5. When a valve is opened, fluid flows in the expansion duct shown below according to the approximation

$$\underline{V} = u\hat{i} = U\left(1 - \frac{x}{2L}\right)\left(\frac{Ut}{L}\right)\hat{i}$$

for  $t \ll L/U$ . If  $L = 1$  m and  $U = 1$  m/s, then at  $(x, t) = (L, L/2U)$ ,

- 1) Find the unsteady (local) acceleration of  $a_x$
- 2) Find the convective acceleration of  $a_x$
- 3) Find the total acceleration  $a_x$



Acceleration:

$$a_x = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial u}{\partial z}$$

$$a_y = \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial v}{\partial z}$$

$$a_z = \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}$$

**Solution:**

- 1) local acceleration

$$\begin{aligned} (a_x)_{local} &= \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left[ U \left( 1 - \frac{x}{2L} \right) \left( \frac{Ut}{L} \right) \right] \\ &= \frac{U^2}{L} \left( 1 - \frac{x}{2L} \right) \end{aligned}$$

**(+2 points)**

at  $(x, t) = (L, L/2U)$ ,

$$(a_x)_{local} = \frac{U^2}{L} \left( 1 - \frac{L}{2L} \right) = \frac{U^2}{2L} = \frac{(1 \text{ m/s})^2}{2 \times 1 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{0.5 \frac{m}{s^2}}$$

**(+2 points)**

- 2) convective acceleration

$$\begin{aligned} (a_x)_{conv} &= u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = U \left( 1 - \frac{x}{2L} \right) \left( \frac{Ut}{L} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[ U \left( 1 - \frac{x}{2L} \right) \left( \frac{Ut}{L} \right) \right] \\ &= -\frac{U^2}{2L} \left( 1 - \frac{x}{2L} \right) \left( \frac{Ut}{L} \right)^2 \end{aligned}$$

**(+2points)**

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at  $(x, t) = (L, L/2U)$ ,

$$(a_x)_{conv} = -\frac{U^2}{2L} \left(1 - \frac{L}{2L}\right) \left(\frac{U}{L} \cdot \frac{L}{2U}\right)^2 = -\frac{U^2}{16L} = -\frac{(1 \text{ m/s})^2}{16 \times 1 \text{ m}} = -\mathbf{0.0625} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

**(+2 points)**

3) total acceleration

$$\begin{aligned} a_x &= (a_x)_{local} + (a_x)_{conv} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \\ &= \frac{U^2}{2L} \left(1 - \frac{x}{2L}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{Ut}{L}\right)^2\right) \end{aligned}$$

at  $(x, t) = (L, L/2U)$ ,

$$a_x = \frac{U^2}{L} \left(1 - \frac{L}{2L}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{U}{L} \cdot \frac{L}{2U}\right)^2\right) = \frac{7U^2}{16L} = \frac{7 \times (1 \text{ m/s})^2}{16 \times 1 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{0.4375} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

**(+2 points)**