

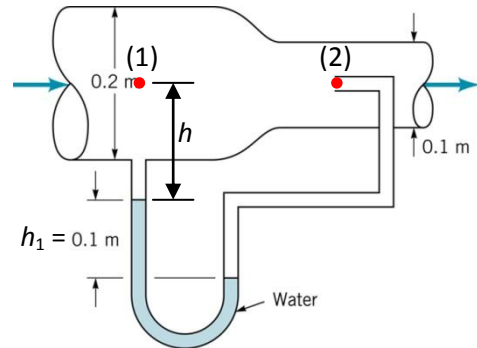
NAME _____

Fluids-ID _____

Quiz 4. Air flows steadily through the variable area pipe shown at the right. Determine the flow rate Q if viscous and compressibility effects are negligible.

- $\gamma_{H_2O} = 9.80 \times 10^3 \text{ N/m}^3$
- $\gamma_{air} = 12.0 \text{ N/m}^3$ (Note that $\gamma_{air} \ll \gamma_{H_2O}$)
- Bernoulli equation:

$$\frac{p_1}{\gamma} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{p_2}{\gamma} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + z_2$$

Solution:

1) Bernoulli equation

Since $z_1 = z_2$ and $V_2 = 0$,

$$\frac{p_1}{\gamma_{air}} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} = \frac{p_2}{\gamma_{air}} \quad (1) \quad (+4 \text{ points})$$

2) Manometer

$$p_1 + \gamma_{air} \cdot h + \gamma_{H_2O} \cdot h_1 = p_2 + \gamma_{air}(h + h_1)$$

 $\gamma_{H_2O} \gg \gamma_{air}$,

$$\frac{p_2}{\gamma_{air}} = \frac{p_1}{\gamma_{air}} + \left(\frac{\gamma_{H_2O}}{\gamma_{air}}\right) h_1 \quad (2) \quad (+3 \text{ points})$$

3) Flow rate

$$Q = V_1 A_1$$

where V_1 is from (1) and (2),

$$V_1 = \sqrt{2g \left(\frac{\gamma_{H_2O}}{\gamma_{air}}\right) h} = \sqrt{2 \left(9.81 \frac{m}{s^2}\right) \left(\frac{9.80 \times 10^3 \text{ N/m}^3}{12.0 \text{ N/m}^3}\right) (0.1 \text{ m})} = 40.0 \frac{m}{s}$$

Thus,

$$Q = \left(40.0 \frac{m}{s}\right) \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) (0.2 \text{ m})^2 = 1.26 \frac{m^3}{s} \quad (+3 \text{ points})$$