

10.69 A pipeline is to be designed to carry crude oil ($S = 0.93$, $\nu = 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$) with a discharge of $0.10 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ and a head loss per kilometer of 30 m. What diameter of steel pipe is needed? What power output from a pump is required to maintain this flow?

Solution:

$S = 0.93$ Steel pipe

$\nu = 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$, $Q = 0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$, $h_f = 30 \text{ m}$ per km = 1000m

Find D and $P = Q\gamma h_f$ per km

$$h_f = f \frac{L V^2}{D 2g}$$

$$D = \frac{fL V^2}{h_f 2g} = \left[\frac{8LQ^2}{\pi^2 g h_f} \right]^{1/5} f^{1/5} = \left[\frac{8 \times 1000 \times .1^2}{\pi^2 \times 9.81 \times 30} \right]^{1/5} f^{1/5} = 0.4875 f^{1/5}$$

Assume $f = 0.015$, $\Rightarrow D = 0.21 \text{ m}$

$$\text{Re} = \frac{VD}{\nu} = \frac{4QD}{\pi D^2 \nu} = \frac{4Q}{\pi D \nu} = 6 \times 10^4$$

$k_s/D = 0.0002$, $\Rightarrow f = 0.022$

$D = 0.227 \text{ m}$ or 22.7 cm

Choose $D = 23 \text{ cm}$

$$P = Q\gamma h_f = 0.1 \times 0.93 \times 9810 \times 30 = 27.4 \text{ kW/km}$$