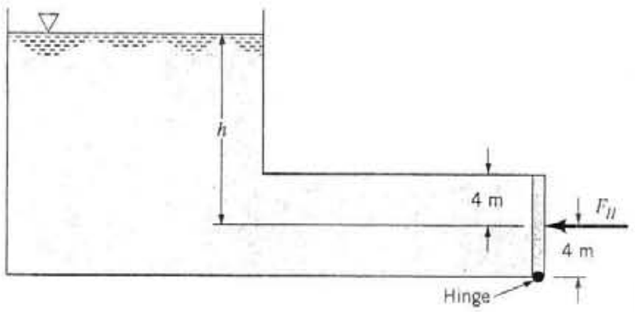
2.66

2.66 A 3-m-wide, 8-m-high rectangular gate is located at the end of a rectangular passage that is connected to a large open tank filled with water as shown in Fig. P2.66. The gate is hinged at its bottom and held closed by a horizontal force, F_H, located at the center of the gate. The maximum value for F_H is 3500 kN. **(a)** Determine the maximum water depth, h, above the center of the gate that can exist without the gate opening. **(b)** Is the answer the same if the gate is hinged at the top? Explain your answer.



■ FIGURE P2.66

For gate hinged at bottom

$\sum M_H = 0$

so that

$(4m)\,F_H = \ell\, F_R$ (see figure) (1)

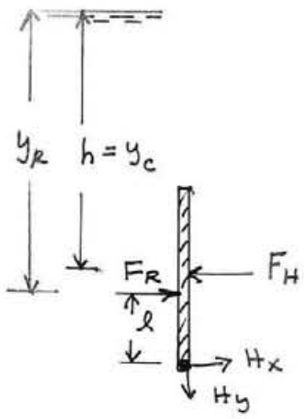
and

$$F_R = \gamma h_c A = \left(9.80 \frac{kN}{m^3}\right)(h)(3m \times 8m)$$

$$= (9.80 \times 24\, h)\, kN$$

$$y_R = \frac{I_{xc}}{y_c A} + y_c = \frac{\frac{1}{12}(3m)(8m)^3}{h\,(3m \times 8m)} + h$$

$$= \frac{5.33}{h} + h$$



$\ell = h + 4 - y_R$

Thus,

$$\ell(m) = h + 4 - \left(\frac{5.33}{h} + h\right) = 4 - \frac{5.33}{h}$$

and from Eq. (1)

$$(4\,m)(3500\,kN) = \left(4 - \frac{5.33}{h}\right)(9.80 \times 24)(h)\,kN$$

so that

$$\underline{\underline{h = 16.2\ m}}$$

(con't)

2.66 (con't)

For gate hinged at <u>top</u>

$\sum M_H = 0$

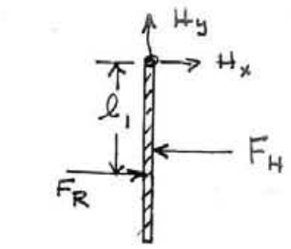
so that

$(4\,m)F_H = \ell_1 F_R$ (see figure) (1)

where

$\ell_1 = y_R - (h-4) = \left(\frac{5.33}{h} + h\right) - (h-4)$

$= \frac{5.33}{h} + 4$



$\ell_1 = y_R - (h-4)$

Thus, from Eq. (1)

$(4m)(3500\,kN) = \left(\frac{5.33}{h} + 4\right)(9.80 \times 24)(h)\,kN$

and

$$\underline{\underline{h = 13.5\,m}}$$

Maximum depth for gate hinged at top is less than maximum depth for gate hinged at bottom.