

5.19

5.19 Various types of attachments can be used with the shop vac shown in Video V5.2. Two such attachments are shown in Fig. P5.19—a nozzle and a brush. The flowrate is $1 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$. (a) Determine the average velocity through the nozzle entrance, V_n . (b) Assume the air enters the brush attachment in a radial direction all around the brush with a velocity profile that varies linearly from 0 to V_b along the length of the bristles as shown in the figure. Determine the value of V_b .

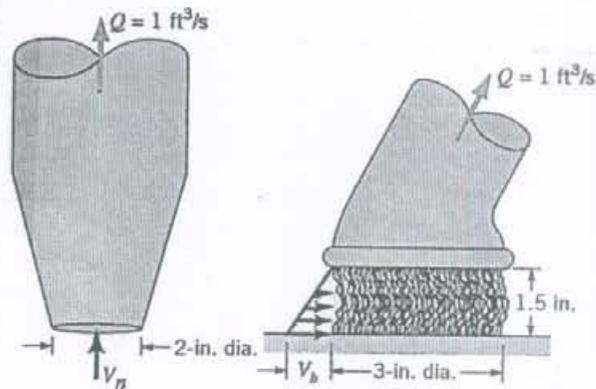


FIGURE P5.19

$$(a) Q_1 = Q_2 \text{ where } Q_2 = 1 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}}$$

Thus,

$$A_1 V_1 = Q_2 \text{ or } V_1 \equiv V_n = \frac{1 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}}}{\frac{\pi}{4} \left(\frac{2}{12} \text{ft}\right)^2}$$

so

$$V_n = \underline{\underline{45.8 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}}}}$$

$$(b) Q_3 = Q_4 \text{ where } Q_4 = 1 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}} \text{ and } Q_3 = \bar{V}_3 A_3 \text{ where}$$

$$\bar{V}_3 = \text{average velocity at (3)} = \frac{1}{2} V_b \text{ and}$$

$$A_3 = \pi D_3 h_3$$

Thus,

$$\frac{1}{2} V_b \left[\pi \left(\frac{3}{12} \text{ft}\right) \left(\frac{1.5}{12} \text{ft}\right) \right] = 1 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}}, \text{ or}$$

$$V_b = \underline{\underline{20.4 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}}}}$$