

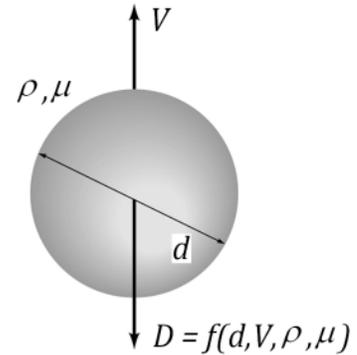
NAME _____

Fluids-ID _____

Quiz 9.

The drag, D , on a sphere moving in a fluid can be expressed as $D = f(d, V, \rho, \mu)$ where d is the sphere diameter, V is the sphere velocity, ρ and μ are respectively the density and viscosity of the fluid. (a) Develop a suitable set of pi terms by using the d , V , and ρ as the repeating variables. (b) Drag $D = 10$ N for a sphere, with a diameter $d = 5$ cm, moving at $V = 4$ m/s in water. For a balloon with $d = 1$ m diameter rising in air, determine the velocity V and the drag D , if the pi terms in (a) are same for both the sphere and the balloon.

(For water, $\rho = 999$ kg/m³ and $\mu = 1.12 \times 10^{-3}$ N·s/m²; For air, $\rho = 1.23$ kg/m³ and $\mu = 1.79 \times 10^{-5}$ N·s/m²)

Solution:

(a) From the pi theorem, $5 - 3 = 2$ pi terms required.

$$\begin{aligned}\Pi_1 &= \mu \cdot \rho^a \cdot V^b \cdot d^c \\ (ML^{-1}T^{-1})(ML^{-3})^a(LT^{-1})^b(L)^c &= M^0L^0T^0 \\ \therefore \Pi_1 &= \frac{\mu}{\rho V d} \quad (+3 \text{ points})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Pi_2 &= D \cdot \rho^a \cdot V^b \cdot d^c \\ (MLT^{-2})(ML^{-3})^a(LT^{-1})^b(L)^c &= M^0L^0T^0 \\ \therefore \Pi_2 &= \frac{D}{\rho V^2 d^2} \quad (+3 \text{ points})\end{aligned}$$

(b) Let S : sphere and B : balloon

For Π_1 ,

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{\mu}{\rho V d}\right)_S &= \left(\frac{\mu}{\rho V d}\right)_B \\ V_B &= \left(\frac{\rho_S}{\rho_B}\right) \left(\frac{\mu_B}{\mu_S}\right) \left(\frac{d_S}{d_B}\right) V_S\end{aligned}$$

November 6, 2009

$$= \left(\frac{999 \text{ kg/m}^3}{1.23 \text{ kg/m}^3} \right) \left(\frac{1.79 \times 10^{-5} \text{ N} \cdot \text{s/m}^2}{1.12 \times 10^{-3} \text{ N} \cdot \text{s/m}^2} \right) \left(\frac{0.05 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ m}} \right) \left(4 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \right) = 2.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \quad (+2 \text{ points})$$

For Π_2 ,

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{D}{\rho V^2 d^2} \right)_S &= \left(\frac{D}{\rho V^2 d^2} \right)_B \\ D_B &= \left(\frac{\rho_B}{\rho_S} \right) \left(\frac{V_B}{V_S} \right)^2 \left(\frac{d_B}{d_S} \right)^2 D_S \\ &= \left(\frac{1.23 \text{ kg/m}^3}{999 \text{ kg/m}^3} \right) \left(\frac{2.6 \text{ m/s}}{4 \text{ m/s}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{1 \text{ m}}{0.05 \text{ m}} \right)^2 (10 \text{ N}) = 2.1 \text{ N} \quad (+2 \text{ points}) \end{aligned}$$