

2.93

2.93 A closed tank is filled with water and has a 4-ft-diameter hemispherical dome as shown in Fig. P2.93. A U-tube manometer is connected to the tank. Determine the vertical force of the water on the dome if the differential manometer reading is 7 ft and the air pressure at the upper end of the manometer is 12.6 psi.

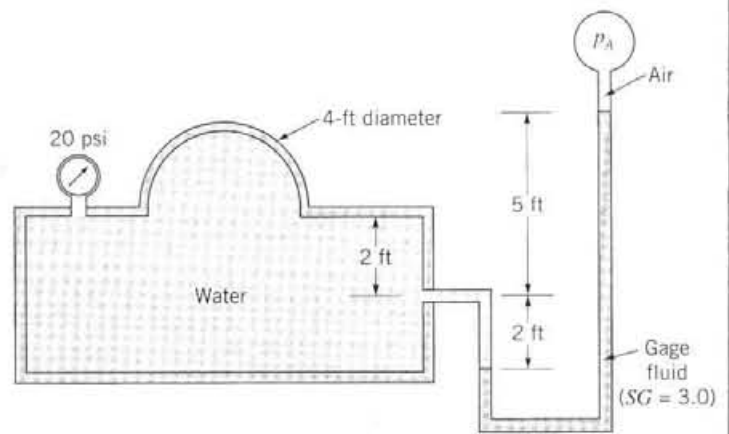
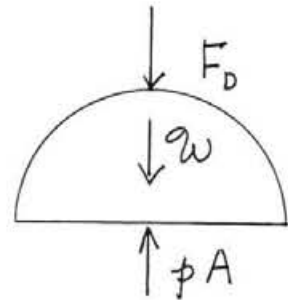


FIGURE P2.93

For equilibrium,
 $\sum F_{\text{vertical}} = 0$

so that

$$F_D = pA - W$$



(1)

where F_D is the force the dome exerts on the fluid and p is the water pressure at the base of the dome.

From the manometer,

$$p_A + \gamma_{gf}(7 \text{ ft}) - \gamma_{H_2O}(4 \text{ ft}) = p$$

so that

$$p = \left(12.6 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^2}\right) \left(144 \frac{\text{in}^2}{\text{ft}^2}\right) + (3.0)(62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3})(7 \text{ ft}) - (62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3})(4 \text{ ft})$$

$$= 2880 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2}$$

Thus, from Eq. (1) with volume of sphere = $\frac{\pi}{6}(\text{diameter})^3$

$$F_D = (2880 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2}) \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)(4 \text{ ft})^2 - \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\pi}{6}(4 \text{ ft})^3\right] (62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3})$$

$$= 35,100 \text{ lb}$$

The force that the vertical force that the water exerts on the dome is 35,100 lb \uparrow .