

9.29

9.29 The two flat plates shown in Fig. P9.29 are to have the same drag. Determine the upstream velocity  $U_b$  in terms of  $U_a$  and  $n$ . Assume laminar flow. Explain your answer physically.

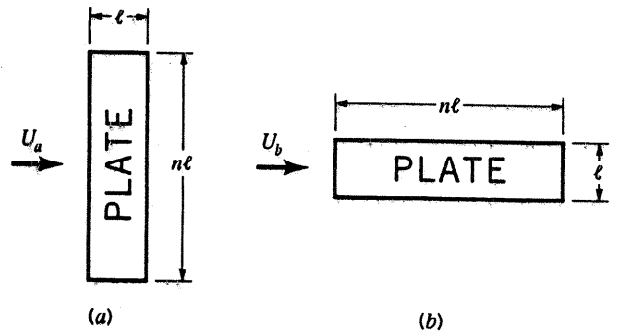


FIGURE P9.29

$$D_a = D_b$$

or

$$\frac{1}{2} \rho U_a^2 A_a C_{D_a} = \frac{1}{2} \rho U_b^2 A_b C_{D_b} \quad (1)$$

where  $A_a = A_b = (nl)l$  and  $C_D = \frac{1.328}{\sqrt{Re}}$  or  $C_{D_a} = \frac{1.328}{\sqrt{Re_a}}$ ,  $C_{D_b} = \frac{1.328}{\sqrt{Re_b}}$

Thus, Eq. (1) gives

$$U_a^2 C_{D_a} = U_b^2 C_{D_b}$$

or

$$\frac{U_a^2}{\sqrt{Re_a}} = \frac{U_b^2}{\sqrt{Re_b}} \quad \text{where } Re_a = \frac{U_a l}{\nu} \quad \text{and } Re_b = \frac{U_b (nl)}{\nu}$$

Hence,

$$\frac{U_a^2}{\sqrt{U_a l / \nu}} = \frac{U_b^2}{\sqrt{U_b nl / \nu}}$$

or

$$U_a^{3/2} = U_b^{3/2} / n^{1/2}$$

Thus,

$$\underline{\underline{U_b = n^{1/3} U_a}}$$