1. Ken \& Larry's Ice Cream, continued. Refer to the problem description in last week's homework (HW\#3). The optimal LP tableau provided by LINDO is as shown below.

THE TABLEAU

| ROW | (BASIS) | C | V | B | SLK 2 | SLK 3 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | ART | 0.038 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.875 |  |
| 2 | SLK 2 | -0.350 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | -2.000 |  |
| 3 |  | V | 3.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 10.000 |
| 4 | B | -1.750 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | -7.500 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ROW | SLK 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1.000 | 341.250 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 2.000 | 20.000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | -20.000 | 300.000 |  |  |  |  |  |

a. Chocolate ice cream is not included in the optimal production plan. If one gallon of chocolate ice cream were to be produced, how would it change the quantity
...of vanilla ice cream produced?
...of banana ice cream produced?
...of milk used?
...of sugar used?
...of cream used?
b. In last week's homework, you were asked about the effect on profit of a reduction in the quantity of available cream due to spoilage. That is, the effect of an increase in the unused cream (slack in the available cream constraint). According to the substitution rates in the tableau, what would be the effect of this spoilage on the quantity
...of vanilla ice cream produced?
...of banana ice cream produced?
...of milk used?
...of sugar used?
The right-hand-side of row \#4 (available cream) was changed to zero, and then parametric analaysis performed with the right-hand-side increasing to 150 gallons, with the results below.


The plot of optimal value vs gallons of cream available was also prepared by LINDO:

c. Using LINDO's report, indicate on the graph above the slope of each linear segment and the coordinates of each break-point (profit \& gallons of cream).

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2. LP model formulation. Buster Sod's younger brother, Marky Dee, operates three ranches in Texas. the acreage and irrigation water available for the three farms are shown below:

| FARM | ACREAGE | WATER AVAILABLE <br> (ACRE-FT) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 400 | 1500 |
| 2 | 600 | 2000 |
| 3 | 300 | 900 |

Three crops can be grown. However, the maximum acreage that can be grown of each crop is limited by the amount of appropriate harvesting equipment available. The three crops are described below. Any combination of crops may be grown on a farm.

| CROP | TOTAL HARVESTING <br> CAPACITY (IN ACRES) | WATER REQMTS <br> (ACRE-FT PER ACRE) | EXPECTED PROFIT <br> (\$/ACRE) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Milo | 700 | 6 | 400 |
| Cotton | 800 | 4 | 300 |
| Wheat | 300 | 2 | 100 |

Using LINGO, the following sets were defined, with decision variables:
$\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{ij}}=$ \# acreas of crop j planted on farm i .

```
MODEL: ! MARKY DEE SOD'S RANCHES;
SETS:
    FARM/1..3/:ACREAGE, H20_AVAIL;
    CROP/MILO, COTTON, WHEAT/:CAPACITY, H20_RQMT, PROFIT;
    COMBO (FARM, CROP) : X;
ENDSETS
DATA:
    ACREAGE = 400 600 300;
    H20_AVAIL = 1500 2000 900;
    CAPACITY = 700 800 300;
    H20_RQMT = 6 4 2;
    PROFIT = 400 300 100;
ENDDATA
! INSERT OBJECTIVE & CONSTRAINTS HERE ;
END
```

a. Using LINGO, formulate the LP model to maximize the total expected profit of the three ranches.
b. Add the statements to the accompanying file (HW4_2.lg4), and solve.

