A LINGO model of a staffing problem	ma's Kitchen	Decision variables Xi = the # of employees who start to work on i th shift. (i = 1, 2,, 6)			
Frank and Ernest	LP Formulation MIN 36 X1 + 36 X2 + 36 X3 + 30 X4 + 30 X5 + 30 X6 SUBJECT TO X1 >= 2 (min # of busers on duty at 5am) X1 + X2 >= 3 (min # of busers on duty at 6am) X1 + X2 + X3 >= 5 (min # of busers on duty at 7am) X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 >= 5 (min # of busers on duty at 8am) X2 + X3 + X4 + X5 >= 3 (min # of busers on duty at 9am) X3 + X4 + X5 + X6 >= 2 (min # of busers on duty at 10am) X4 + X5 + X6 >= 4 (min # of busers on duty at 11am) X5 + X6 >= 6 (min # of busers on duty at 12pm) X6 >= 3 (min # of busers on duty at 12pm) Xi >= 0 (for i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) (Sign restrictions)				
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"Mama's Kitchen" serves from 5:30 a.m. 1:30 p.m. in the afternoon.	each morning until	OBJECTIVE FU	JNCTION VALUE 360.0000		
Tables are set and cleared by busers work	ring 4-hour shifts	VARIABLE X1 X2	VALUE 3.000000 0.000000	REDUCED COST 0.000000 0.000000	
from 5:00 a.m. (shift #1) through 10:00) a.m. (shift #6).	x3 x4 x5	2.000000 0.000000 3.000000	0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	
Mama's pays \$9 per hour for the 5:00,	6:00, and 7:00 a.m.	ROW 2)	SLACK OR SURPLUS 1.000000	DUAL PRICES 0.000000	
sints, and φ 1.50 per nour for the other	ifing plan that will have	3) 4) 5)	0.000000 0.000000 2.000000	-6.000000 -30.000000	
he manager seeks a minimum cost staf	1	0)	2.000000	0.000000	
The manager seeks a minimum cost stat at least a minimum number of busers o	on duty each hour:	7) 8) 9)	6.000000 2.000000 0.000000	0.000000	

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Use a modeling lang	guage (e.g. LINGO or MPL) to for	rmulate this LP!	LINGO model wi	<mark>th sets</mark> Kitchen;		
© by Thaves.	ALL-IN-ONE BREAKFAST SPECIAL \$3.95 SPECIAL \$3.95 SPECIAL COFFEE BEANS.	TH	SETS: HOUR /19/: 3 SHIFT /16/: ENDSETS DATA: RQMT = 2 3 COST = 36 36 ENDDATA MIN = @SUM(SHIFT: @FOR(HOUR(I): @SUM(SHIFT(J)); END	<pre>RQMT; COST, X; 5 5 3 2 4 6 36 30 30 30; COST*X); J #GE#1 #AND# J X(J)) >= RQN</pre>	3; #GE# I-3 #AND# J #LE TT(I);	:# I:
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Number the hours j	=1,,9 where #1=5am,, #	#9=1pm.	The solution—same	cost (\$360) as before	, but different staffing pla	an!
The shifts which are on-duty in hour $#i$ are therefore <i>i</i> , $i-1$, $i-2$, & $i-3$,			Variable X(1) X(2) X(3)	Value 5.000000 0.0000000 0.0000000	Reduced Cost 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000	
where we omit shifts numbered less than #1. The mathematical statement of the problem:			X(4) X(5) X(6)	0.0000000 3.000000 3.000000	30.00000 0.000000 0.0000000	
Minii subje	mize $\sum_{j=1}^{6} C_j X_j$ ct to $\sum_{\substack{j=i-3\\j\geq 1}}^{i} X_j \ge R_i, i = 1, \dots 9$ $X_j \ge 0, j = 1, \dots 6$					
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